

MULTIMODAL TRANSPORT BILL OF LADING

1. DEFINITIONS

"**Carriage**" means the whole or part of the carriage, loading, unloading, storing, transshipping, handling and including any other services whatsoever undertaken by the Carrier in relation to the Goods.

"**Carrier**" means TRANSWORLD GLS (Singapore) Pte Ltd.

"**Container**" includes any transportable (including an open top container), flat rack, pack, pallet, unit, trailer, pallet or any other similar article used to consolidate the Goods and any connected equipment.

"**Freight**" includes all charges payable to the Carrier in accordance with the applicable Tariff and this bill of lading.

"**Goods**" means the whole or any part of the cargo and any packaging accepted from the Shipper and includes any articles or supplies in or on behalf of the Carrier.

"**Hague Rules**" means the provisions of the International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules relating to Bills of Lading signed at Brussels on 25th August 1924 and including the amendments by the Protocol signed in London on 23rd September 1968, but only if such amendments are compulsorily applicable to this bill of lading. (It is expressly provided that nothing in this bill of lading shall be construed as contractually applying the said Rules as amended by said Protocol).

"**Holder**" means any Person for the time being in possession of this bill of lading or to whom rights of suit and/or liability under this bill of lading have been transferred or vested.

"**TRANSWORLD GLS (Singapore) Pte Ltd**" is the trade name of the Carrier.

"**Merchant**" includes the Shipper, Holder, Consignee, Receiver of the Goods, any Person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods or carriage of the Goods and any consignee or transferee of such Person.

"**Multimodal Transport**" arises if the Place of Receipt and/or the Place of Delivery are indicated on the reverse hereof in the relevant spaces.

"**Ocean Transport**" means the same as Port-to-Port Shipment but where the cargo is transported by sea in one or more packages or units, the packages or other shipping units enumerated on the reverse hereof as packed in such Container and entered in the box on the reverse hereof are entitled "Carrier".

"**Receipt**" are each deemed a Package.

"**Person**" includes an individual corporation, or other legal entity.

"**Port-to-Port Shipment**" arises when the Carriage is not Multimodal.

"**Subcontractor**" includes owners, charterers and operators of vessels (other than the Carrier), stevedores, terminal and groupage operators, terminal operators and warehouse operators, and any other independent contractors employed by the Carrier performing the Carriage and any direct or indirect Subcontractors, servants and agents thereof whether in direct contractual privity or not.

"**Terms and Conditions**" means all terms, rights, defences, provisions, conditions, exceptions, limitations and liberties hereof.

"**US COGSA**" means the US Carriage of Goods by Sea Act 1924. "Vessel" means any water borne craft used in the Carriage under this Bill of Lading which may be a feeder vessel or an ocean vessel.

2. CARRIER'S LIABILITY

The terms and conditions of the Carrier's applicable Tariff are incorporated herein. Attention is drawn to the terms therein relating to free storage time and to container and vehicle damage or detention. Copies of the relevant provisions of the applicable Tariff are obtainable from the Carrier upon request. In the case of any inconsistency between this bill of lading and the applicable Tariff, this bill of lading shall prevail.

3. WARRANTY

The Merchant warrants that in agreeing to the Terms and Conditions hereof, the Merchant is aware of the applicable Tariff(s), he or she is the owner or consignee or transferee of the Goods, or the Person owning or entitled to the possession of the Goods and/or Container and this Bill of Lading, and that all prior agreement and Freight agreement are merged in and superseded by the provisions of this Bill of Lading.

4. SUBCONTRACTING

4.1 The Carrier shall be entitled to sub-contract on any terms whatsoever the whole or any part of the Carriage.

4.2 The Merchant undertakes that no claim or allegation whatsoever arising in connection with the Carriage shall be made against any servant, agent, subcontractor or Subcontractor of the Carrier which imposes or attempts to impose upon any of them or any vessel owned or chartered by any of them any liability whatsoever in connection with the Goods or the Carriage of the Goods whether or not arising out of negligence on the part of such Person, or any such claim or allegation should nevertheless be made to indemnify the Carrier against all consequences thereof. Without prejudice to the foregoing every such servant, agent, and Subcontractor shall have the benefit of all Terms and Conditions of whatsoever nature herein contained, or otherwise containing the Carriage, including the Terms and Conditions of this Bill of Lading, and to the extent of such Terms and Conditions, do so on its own behalf, and also as agent and trustee for such servants, agents and Subcontractors.

4.3 The Terms and Conditions of the second sentence of clause 4.2 including but not limited to the undertaking of the Merchant contained therein, shall extend to all claims or allegations of whatsoever nature against other Persons chartering space on the carrying vessel.

4.4 The Merchant further undertakes that no claim or allegation in respect of the Goods shall be made against the Carrier or by any Person other than in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of this bill of lading which imposes or attempts to impose upon the Carrier any liability whatsoever in connection with the Goods or the Carriage of the Goods, whether or not arising out of negligence on the part of the Carrier, and if any such claim or allegation should nevertheless be made, to indemnify the Carrier against all consequences thereof.

5. CARRIER'S RESPONSIBILITY - PORT-TO-PORT SHIPMENT

5.1 Where the Carriage is Port-to-Port then the liability (if any) of the Carrier for loss of or damage to the Goods occurring between the time of loading at the Port of Loading and the time of discharge at the Port of Discharge shall be determined in accordance with any national law making the Hague Rules compulsorily applicable to this bill of lading (which will be the US COGSA for shipments to or from the United States of America) or in any other case in accordance with her Hague Rules Articles 1-8 inclusive or any other law.

5.2 The Carrier shall have no liability whatsoever for any loss or damage to the Goods which is in actual or constructive possession of the Merchant or after discharge, however caused. Notwithstanding the above, and to the extent that any applicable compulsory law provides to the contrary, the Carrier shall have the benefit of every right, defence, limitation and liberty in the Hague Rules as applied by clause 5.1 during such additional contractual period of responsibility, notwithstanding that the loss or damage did not occur at sea.

5.3 Where US COGSA applies then the provisions stated in the said Act shall govern before loading on the vessel or after discharge therefrom, as the case may be, during Carriage on board the vessel and until the cargo is freight station or in immediately adjacent to the sea terminal at the Port of Loading and/or Discharge. If the Carrier is requested by the Merchant to procure Carriage by an inland carrier in the United States of America and the inland carrier agrees to do so, such Carriage shall be as provided for by the Carrier as agent only to the Merchant and such carriage shall be subject to the inland carrier's contract and tariff, if for any reason the Carriage is denied the right to act as agent at these times, his liability for loss or damage or delay to the Goods shall be determined in accordance with clause 6 hereof.

5.4 In the event that the Merchant requests the Carrier to deliver the Goods to the Goods: (a) to a port other than the Port Of Discharge; or (b) (except in the United States of America) at a place of delivery instead of the Port of Discharge, and the Carrier in its absolute discretion agrees to such request, such further Carriage will be undertaken on the basis that the Terms and Conditions of this bill of lading are to apply to such Carriage as if the ultimate destination of the Goods is the Port of Discharge as entered on the reverse side of this bill of lading as the Port of Discharge of the Bill of Delivery. If the delivery of the goods is accomplished by more than one mode of transport, then the Carrier's responsibility is as provided in clause 6 below.

6. CARRIER'S RESPONSIBILITY - MULTIMODAL TRANSPORT

6.1 Where the Carriage is Multimodal Transport, then the liability (if any) of the Carrier for loss of or damage to the Goods occurring between the period of responsibility (as may be listed in the Bill of Lading from the Place of Receipt or the Port of Loading, whichever is applicable), to the Port of Discharge or the Place of Delivery, whichever is applicable) shall be determined exclusively in accordance with the Singapore Multimodal Transport Act 2021. The said Act entitles the Carrier to: (a) exclude liability in certain circumstances as provided in S15(2)-(5) of the Act b) limit liability to the equivalent of 666.67 SDR per package or shipping unit or 200 SDR per kilogram of gross weight of the goods, whichever is higher, if Sea Carriage is involved and if not, to an amount not exceeding 8.33 SDR per kilogram of the gross weight of the goods lost or damaged; and with respect to delay related claims to an amount equivalent to the freight under the contract.

7. COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY PROVISIONS

7.1 Subject always to the Carrier's right to limit liability as provided for herein, if the Carrier is liable for compensation in respect of loss of or damage to the Goods, such compensation shall be determined by reference to the invoice value of the Goods plus Freight and insurance if paid. If there is no invoice value of the Goods or if any such invoice is non-bond, such compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of such Goods at the place and time they were delivered or should have been delivered to the Merchant. The value of the Goods shall be fixed according to the current market price, by reference to the normal value of goods of the same kind or quality.

7.2 Save as is provided in clause 7.3:

(a) Where the Hague Rules apply hereunder by national law by virtue of clause 5.1, such compensation shall be limited to the amount provided in the applicable national law, if the Hague Rules Article 1-8 only apply pursuant to clause 5.1 the Carrier's maximum liability shall in no event exceed GBP 100 per Package or unit.

(b) Where the Carriage is Multimodal Transport, to, from or through a port in the United States of America, US COGSA applies in clause 5.1 neither the Carrier nor the Vessel shall in any event be or become liable in an amount exceeding US\$800 per Package or customary freight unit.

(c) In no other cases compensation shall not exceed the limitation of liability of 2 SDR per kilo as provided in clause 6.

7.3 The Merchant agrees and acknowledges that the Carrier has no knowledge of the value of the Goods and higher compensation than that provided in clause 6, and the Carrier's liability shall in no event exceed the amount of the Carrier, the value of the Goods declared by the Shipper upon delivery to the Carrier has been stated in the box marked "Declared Value" on the reverse of this bill of lading and extra freight paid. In that case, the amount of the declared value shall be substituted for the limits laid down in this bill of lading and extra freight paid or damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basis of such declared value.

7.4 Nothing in this bill of lading shall operate to limit or deprive the Carrier of any statutory protection, defence, exception or liability authorized by any applicable laws, statutes or regulations as to which the Carrier shall have the benefit of the said laws, statutes or regulations as if it were the owner of any carrying ship or vessel.

8. GENERAL

8.1 The Carrier does not undertake that the Goods or any documents relating thereto shall arrive or be available at any point or place at any time or at any place which is specified for any direct, indirect or consequential loss or damage caused by delay. If the Carrier should nevertheless be held legally liable for any such direct or indirect or consequential loss or damage caused by such alleged delay, such liability shall in no event exceed the Freight paid for the Carriage.

8.2 Where the Carrier is provided herein, the Carrier shall under no circumstances be liable for direct or indirect or consequential loss or damage arising from any other cause whatsoever or for loss of profits.

8.3 Once the Goods have been received by the Carrier for Carriage the Merchant shall not be entitled, either directly or indirectly, or in any way or otherwise interfere with the Carrier's intended manner of performance of the Carriage or the exercise of the liberties conferred by this bill of lading nor to instruct or require delivery of the Goods at other than the Port of Loading or Discharge or at other than the Place of Receipt or other Port of Place selected by the Carrier in the exercise of the liberties herein, for any reason whatsoever including but not limited to the exercise of any right of stoppage in transit conferred by the Merchant's contract of sale or otherwise. The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against all claims, damages, losses, charges, costs, delay, attorney fees and/or expenses caused to the Carrier, his Subcontractors, servants or agents or to any other cargo or to the owner of such cargo during the Carriage arising or resulting from a stoppage (whether temporary or permanent) in the Carriage of the Goods and shall be liable for any delay, suspension or stoppage of any breach by the Merchant of this clause, or in consequence of any dispute whatsoever in respect of the Goods (including, but without restriction, disputes as to ownership, title, quality, quantity or description or nature) payable to the Goods involving any one or more parties to this bill of lading, or which involves the Merchant or with any third party other than the Carrier and the liberties provided for in clauses 19 and 20 shall be available to the Carrier in the event of any such stoppage.

8.4 The Terms and Conditions of this bill of lading shall govern the responsibility of the Carrier for loss of or arising out of the applying of a Container to the Merchant whether before, during or after the Carriage.

9. NOTICE OF LOSS TIME BAR

9.1 This bill of lading shall be a receipt only for a Carrier. Unless notice of loss or damage and the general nature of such loss or damage be given in writing to the Carrier or his agents at the Place of Delivery, the bill of lading shall be a receipt for the goods as received hereof before or at the time of removal of the Goods into the custody of the Merchant or if the loss or damage is not apparent within three days thereafter, such removal shall be prima facie evidence of the loss or damage to the Goods and the Carrier shall be discharged in respect of the Goods unless suit is brought within nine (9) months after their delivery or the date when they should have been delivered.

10. DEFENCES AND LIMITS FOR THE CARRIER

10.1 The Terms and Conditions of whatever nature provided for in this bill of lading shall apply in any action against the Carrier for any loss or damage whatsoever and however occurring (and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, including delay, loss delivery and/or delay) without limitation to the extent that such loss or damage is not caused by the negligence of the carrier, or the fault or error of the carrier, or any other fault or error of the carrier, or any other fault or error of the carrier, or any other fault or error of the carrier, or any other fault or error of the carrier, or any other fault or error of the carrier.

11. SHIPPER-PACKED CONTAINERS

11.1 If a Container has not been packed by the Carrier: (a) the Carrier shall not be liable for loss or damage to the contents and the Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against any injury, loss, damage, liability or expense whatsoever incurred by the Carrier if such loss or damage, or the contents and such injury, loss, damage, liability or expense has been caused by matters beyond his control including, inter alia, without prejudice to the generality of this exclusion:

- (a) the manner in which the Container has been packed; or
- (b) the unsuitability of the Goods for carriage in Containers; or
- (c) the unsuitability or defective condition of the Container or the incorrect setting of any thermostat, ventilation, or other special controls thereof, provided that, if the Container has been supplied by the Carrier, this unsuitability or defective condition could have been apparent upon reasonable inspection by the Merchant at or prior to the time the Container was accepted for the Carriage.

11.3 The Merchant is responsible for the packing and sealing of all shipper-packed Containers and, if a shipper-packed Container is delivered by the Carrier with its original seal as affixed by the shipper intact, the carrier shall not be liable for any storage of Goods accepted at delivery.

11.4 The Shipper shall inspect Containers before packing them and the use of Containers shall be prima facie evidence of their being sound and suitable for use.

12. PERISHABLE CARGO

12.1 Goods, including Goods of a perishable nature, shall be carried in ordinary Containers without special protection, services or other measures unless there is noted on the reverse side of this bill of lading that the Goods will be carried in refrigerated, electrically ventilated or otherwise specifically equipped Container or are to receive special attention in any way. The Merchant undertakes not to tender for Carriage any Goods which require refrigeration, ventilation or any specialised attention without giving written notice of their nature and the required temperature or other setting of the thermostat, ventilation or other special controls to the carrier, and the above requirements are not complied with the Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the Goods however arising.

12.2 The Merchant should note that refrigerated Containers are not designed: (a) to freeze down cargo which has not been presented for stuffing at or below its designated carrying temperature and the Carrier shall not be responsible for the consequences of cargo being presented at a higher temperature than that required for the Carriage; nor (b) to monitor and control humidity levels, albeit a wetting facility exists, in that humidity is influenced by many external factors and the Carrier does not guarantee the maintenance of any intended level of humidity inside any Container.

12.3 The term "apparent good order and condition" when used in this bill of lading with reference to goods which require refrigeration, ventilation or other specialised attention does not mean that the Goods, when received were verified by the Carrier as being at the carrying temperature, humidity level or other condition designated by the Merchant.

12.4 The Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage to the Goods arising from latent defects, deterioration, decay, or breakage of the equipment of the refrigerating, ventilating or any other specialised machinery, plant, insulation and/or apparatus of the Container, vessel, conveyance and any other facilities, provided that the Carrier shall before and at the beginning of the Carriage exercise due diligence to maintain the Container supplied by the Carrier in a fit condition state.

13. INSPECTION OF GOODS

13.1 The Carrier shall be entitled, but under no obligation, to open and/or scan any Package or Container at any time and to inspect the contents of all Packages and Containers at any time that the Goods concern safety or property or cargo further, either at all or without incurring any additional expense or taking any measures in relation to the Container or the Goods, the Carrier may without notice to the Merchant (but as his agent only) take any measures and/or incur any reasonable additional expense to carry on to continue the Carriage therefrom, and to sell or dispose of the Goods and/or abandon the Carriage and/or to store them ashore or afloat, under cover or in the open, at any place, whichever the Carrier in his absolute discretion considers most appropriate which may include disposal, abandonment or storage shall be deemed to constitute due delivery under this bill of lading. The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against any reasonable additional expense so incurred. The Carrier in exercising the liberties

contained in this clause shall not be under any obligation to take any measures and/or incur any additional expense or to take any action or damage however arising from any action or lack of action under this clause.

14. DESCRIPTION OF GOODS

14.1 This bill of lading shall be prima facie evidence of the receipt by the Carrier of the Goods under the conditions, except as otherwise noted, of the total number of Containers or other packages or units indicated in the box entitled "Carriers Receipt" on the reverse side hereof.

14.2 No representation is made by the Carrier as to the weight, contents, measure, quality, description, condition, marks, numbers or value of the Goods and the Carrier shall be in no way responsible for whatsoever responsibility as such description or particulars.

14.3 The Shipper warrants to the Carrier that the particulars relating to the Goods as set out on the reverse hereof have been checked by the Shipper on receipt of this bill of lading and that such particulars, and any other particulars stated in the Bill of Lading, are true, correct, accurate and correct. The Shipper also warrants that the Goods are lawful goods, and contain no contraband, drugs, other illegal substances or stowaways, and that the Goods will not cause loss damage or expense to the Carrier, or any other cargo or other person, by way of such description or particulars.

14.4 If any particulars of any Letter of Credit and/or import License and/or Sales Contract and/or Invoice or Order number and/or details of any contract to which the Carrier is not a party, are shown on the face of this bill of lading, such particulars are included at the sole risk of the Merchant and his consignee. The Merchant agrees that the inclusion of such particulars shall not be regarded as a declaration of value and in no way increases Carrier's liability under this bill of lading.

15. MERCHANT'S RESPONSIBILITY

15.1 All of the Particulars (as within the definition of Merchant in clause 1) shall be jointly and severally liable to the Carrier for the due fulfilment of all obligations undertaken by the Merchant in this bill of lading.

15.2 The Merchant shall be liable for and shall indemnify the Carrier against all loss, damage, delay, claims, attorney fees and/or expenses incurred from any breach of any of the warranties in clause 14.3 or from any other cause whatsoever in connection with the Goods for which the Carrier is not responsible.

15.3 The Merchant shall comply with all regulations or requirements of relevant government and other authorities, and shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, imposts, expenses or losses (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing Freight for any additional Carriage undertaken), incurred or suffered by reason thereof, or by reason of any illegal, incorrect or incomplete declaration, marking, numbering or addressing of the Goods, and shall indemnify the Carrier in respect thereof.

15.4 If Containers supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier are unpacked for any reason, the Merchant or the Carrier is responsible for returning the empty Containers, with interlocks clean, odour free and in the same condition as received, to the point or place designated by the Carrier, within the time prescribed. Should a Container not be returned in the condition required under or within the time prescribed in the Tariff, the Merchant shall be liable for any detention, loss or other expense incurred by the Carrier.

15.5 Containers released into the care of the Merchant for packing, unpacking or any other purpose whatsoever are at the sole risk of the Merchant until redelivered to the Carrier. The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against all loss, damage, delay, claims, attorney fees and/or expenses incurred in examining, weighing, measuring or valuing the Goods.

15.6 Freight shall be payable on receipt of the Goods. Payment of Freight shall not be a condition of receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and shall be paid and non-returnable in any event.

15.7 The Carrier and the Merchant are jointly and severally liable for the payment of Freight and charges to a freight forwarding, broker or anyone other than the Carrier of its authorised agent, shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier and shall be made at the Merchants sole risk.

16. FREIGHT, EXPENSES AND FEES

16.1 Freight shall be payable on receipt of the Goods, based on particulars furnished by or on behalf of the Shipper. The Carrier may at any time open the Goods or Containers(s) and, if the Shipper's particulars are incorrect the Merchant and the Goods shall be liable for the correct Freight and any expenses incurred in examining, weighing, measuring or valuing the Goods.

16.2 Freight shall be payable on receipt of the Goods by the Carrier and shall be paid and non-returnable in any event.

16.3 All sums payable to the Carrier are due on demand and shall be paid in full in United States Currency or, at the Carrier's option, in its equivalent in any other freely convertible currency. Payment of Freight and charges to a freight forwarding, broker or anyone other than the Carrier of its authorised agent, shall not be deemed payment to the Carrier and shall be made at the Merchants sole risk.

17. LIEN

17.1 The Carrier shall have a lien on the Goods and any documents relating thereto for all sums payable to the Carrier under this contract and for general average contributions to whatsoever due. The Carrier shall also have a lien against the Merchant on the Goods and any document relating thereto for all sums payable to the Carrier under any other contract.

The Carrier may exercise his lien at any time and place in his sole discretion, whether the contractual Carriage is completed or not. In any event any lien shall extend to cover the cost of recovering any sums due to the Carrier for such purposes the Carrier shall have the right to sell the Goods by public auction or private treaty, without notice to the Merchant. The Carrier's lien shall survive delivery of the Goods.

18. OPTIONAL STORAGE, DECK CARGO AND LIVESTOCK

18.1 The Goods may be packed by the Carrier in Containers and consolidated with other goods by or for the Merchant.

18.2 Goods, whether packed in Containers or not, may be carried on deck or under deck without notice to the Merchant unless on the reverse side hereof it is specifically stipulated that the Containers or Goods will be carried under deck. If carried under deck, the Carrier shall not be responsible for loss or damage to such Containers or Goods, or for the loss or damage to such Goods as provided in clause 18.3, such Goods (except livestock) carried on or under deck and whether or not stated to be carried on deck shall participate in general average and shall be deemed to be within the definition of goods for the purpose of the Hague Rules and the US COGSA and shall be carried subject to such Rules or Act, whichever is applicable.

18.3 Goods (not being Goods stowed in Containers other than flats or pellets) which are stated herein to be carried on deck and livestock, whether or not carried on deck, are carried without responsibility on the part of the Carrier, and shall participate in general average and shall be deemed to be within the definition of goods for the purpose of the Hague Rules and the US COGSA and shall be carried subject to such Rules or Act, whichever is applicable.

19. METHODS AND ROUTES OF CARRIAGE

19.1 The Carrier may at any time and without notice to the Merchant (a) use any means of transport or stowage whatsoever; (b) transfer the Goods from one conveyance to another including transshipping or carrying the same on a vessel other than the vessel named on the reverse hereof or by any other means of transport whatsoever and/or using transhipment or forwarding of goods; (c) unpack and remove the Goods which have been packed into a container and forward them via Container or otherwise; (d) load or unload the Goods, via any route, (whether or not the nearest or most direct or customary or advertised route) at any speed and proceed to, return to and stay at any port or place whatsoever (including the Port of Loading herein provided) once or more often and in any order in or out of the order stated in a contrary direction to or beyond the Port of Discharge once or more often;

(e) load and unload the Goods at any place or port (whether or not any such port is named on the reverse hereof as the Port of Loading or Port of Discharge) and stow the Goods at any such port or place; (f) comply with any orders or other instructions given by any government or authority or any Person or body or purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority or having under the terms of the insurance on any conveyance employed by the Carrier the right to give orders or directions to the Carrier.

20. MATTERS AFFECTING PERFORMANCE

20.1 If at any time Carriage is or is likely to be affected by any hindrance, risk, danger, delay, difficulty or disadvantage of whatsoever kind and howsoever arising which cannot be avoided by the exercise of reasonable endeavours over such hindrance, risk, danger, delay, difficulty or disadvantage, the Carrier, its agents, servants and/or independent contractors given by any government or authority or any Person or body or purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority or having under the terms of the insurance on any conveyance employed by the Carrier the right to give orders or directions to the Carrier.

20.2 The Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage to the Goods or for any delay, difficulty or disadvantage of whatsoever kind and howsoever arising which cannot be avoided by the exercise of reasonable endeavours over such hindrance, risk, danger, delay, difficulty or disadvantage, the Carrier, its agents, servants and/or independent contractors given by any government or authority or any Person or body or purporting to act as or on behalf of such government or authority or having under the terms of the insurance on any conveyance employed by the Carrier the right to give orders or directions to the Carrier.

21. DANGEROUS GOODS

21.1 No Goods which are or which may become of a dangerous, noxious, hazardous, flammable, or damaging nature (including radioactive material), or which are or may become liable to damage any Person or property whatsoever, and whether or not so listed in any official or unofficial, international or national code, convention, listing or table shall be tendered to the Carrier for Carriage without previously giving written notice of their nature, quantity, marks, labels and classification (if applicable) to the Carrier and obtaining his consent in writing and without distinctly marking the Goods and the Container or other covering on the outside so as to indicate the nature and character of any such Goods and so as to comply with any applicable laws, regulations or requirements. If any such Goods are delivered to the Carrier without obtaining his consent and/or such marking, or if in the opinion of the Carrier the Goods are or are liable to become of a dangerous, noxious, hazardous, flammable or damaging nature they may at any time or place be unloaded, destroyed, disposed of, abandoned or rendered harmless without compensation to the Carrier and without prejudice to the Carrier's right to Freight and, the Carrier shall be under no liability to make any general average contribution in respect of such Goods.

22. NOTIFICATION AND DELIVERY

22.1 Any notification in this bill of lading of parties to be notified of the arrival of the Goods is solely for information of the Carrier. Failure to give such notification shall not involve the Carrier in any liability nor relieve the Merchant of any obligation hereunder.

22.2 The Merchant shall take delivery of the Goods within the time provided for in the Carrier's applicable Tariff. If the Merchant fails to do so, the Carrier may without notice unpack the Goods if packed in containers and/or store the Goods ashore, afloat, in the open or under cover at the sole risk of the Merchant. Such storage shall constitute due delivery hereunder, and thereupon all liability whatsoever of the Carrier in respect of the Goods or any other cargo or other person, shall cease and the costs of such storage shall forthwith upon demand be paid by the Merchant to the Carrier.

22.3 If the Goods are unclaimed within a reasonable time or whenever in the Carrier's opinion the Goods are likely to deteriorate, decay or become worthless or incur charges whether for storage or otherwise in consequence of their value, the Carrier may at its discretion and without prejudice to any other rights which he may have against the Merchant, without notice and without any responsibility attaching to it, sell, abandon or otherwise dispose of the Goods at the sole risk and expense of the Merchant and apply any proceeds of sale in reduction of the sums due to the Carrier from the Merchant under or in connection with this bill of lading.

22.4 Refusal by the Merchant to take delivery of the Goods in accordance with the terms of this clause and/or to mitigate any loss or damage therefrom shall constitute a waiver by the Merchant to the Carrier of any claim whatsoever relating to the goods or the Carriage thereof.

23. BOTH-TO-BLAME COLLISION CASE

23.1 The Both-to-Blame Collision and New Loss clauses published and/or approved by BIMCO and obtainable from the Carrier or its agent upon request are hereby incorporated herein.

24. GENERAL AVERAGE AND SALVAGE

24.1 General average to be adjusted at any port or place at the Carrier's option shall be deemed to be adjusted according to the York-Antwerp Rules 1994, this covering all Goods carried on or under deck General average on a vessel not operated by the Carrier shall be adjusted according to the requirements of the operator of that vessel.

24.2 Such security including a cash deposit as the Carrier may deem sufficient to cover the estimated contribution of the Goods and any salvage and special charges thereon, shall, if required, be submitted to the Carrier prior to delivery of the Goods. The Carrier shall be under no obligation to exercise any lien for general average contribution to the Merchant.

24.3 If a salving ship is owned or operated by the Carrier, salvage shall be paid for a fully as if the said salving ship belonged to strangers.

25. VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT

25.1 The Carrier shall have the power to waive or vary any Terms and Conditions of this bill of lading unless such waiver or variations is in writing and is specifically authorised or ratified in writing by the Carrier.

of lading or that which is usual for Goods consigned to that Port of Discharge or Place of Delivery. If Carriage is effected under the terms of this clause 20(a) then, notwithstanding the provisions of clause 19 hereof, he shall be entitled to charge such additional Freight as the Carrier may determine; or

(b) Suspend the Carriage of the Goods and store them ashore or afloat upon the Terms and Conditions of this bill of lading and endeavour to forward them as soon as possible, but the Carrier makes no representations as to the maximum period of suspension. If the Carrier elects to invoke the terms of this clause 20(b) then, notwithstanding the provisions of clause 19 hereof, he shall be entitled to charge such additional Freight and Costs as the Carrier may determine; or

(c) Abandon the Carriage of the Goods and place them at the Merchant's disposal at any place or port which the Carrier may deem safe and convenient, whereupon the responsibility of the Carrier in respect of such Goods shall cease. The Carrier shall nevertheless be entitled to full Freight on the Goods received for the Carriage, and the Merchant shall pay any additional costs incurred by reason of the abandonment of the Goods. If the Carrier elects to use an alternative route under clause 20(a) or to suspend the Carriage under clause 20(b) this shall not prejudice his right subsequently to abandon the Carriage.

26. DANGEROUS GOODS

26.1 No Goods which are or which may become of a dangerous, noxious, hazardous, flammable, or damaging nature (including radioactive material), or which are or may become liable to damage any Person or property whatsoever, and whether or not so listed in any official or unofficial, international or national code, convention, listing or table shall be tendered to the Carrier for Carriage without previously giving written notice of their nature, quantity, marks, labels and classification (if applicable) to the Carrier and obtaining his consent in writing and without distinctly marking the Goods and the Container or other covering on the outside so as to indicate the nature and character of any such Goods and so as to comply with any applicable laws, regulations or requirements. If any such Goods are delivered to the Carrier without obtaining his consent and/or such marking, or if in the opinion of the Carrier the Goods are or are liable to become of a dangerous, noxious, hazardous, flammable or damaging nature they may at any time or place be unloaded, destroyed, disposed of, abandoned or rendered harmless without compensation to the Carrier and without prejudice to the Carrier's right to Freight and, the Carrier shall be under no liability to make any general average contribution in respect of such Goods.

27. MERCHANT'S LIABILITY

27.1 The Merchant warrants that such Goods are packed in a manner adequate to withstand the risks of Carriage having regard to their nature and in compliance with all laws, regulations or requirements which may be applicable during the Carriage.

27.2 The Merchant shall indemnify the Carrier against all claims, liabilities, losses, damages, delay, claims, attorney fees and/or expenses incurred in examining, weighing, measuring or valuing the Goods.

27.3 If Containers supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier are unpacked for any reason, the Merchant or the Carrier is responsible for returning the empty Containers, with interlocks clean, odour free and in the same condition as received, to the point or place designated by the Carrier, within the time prescribed. Should a Container not be returned in the condition required under or within the time prescribed in the Tariff, the Merchant shall be liable for any detention, loss or other expense incurred by the Carrier.

27.4 The Merchant shall be liable for and shall indemnify the Carrier against all loss, damage, delay, claims, attorney fees and/or expenses incurred from any breach of any of the warranties in clause 14.3 or from any other cause whatsoever in connection with the Goods for which the Carrier is not responsible.

27.5 The Merchant shall comply with all regulations or requirements of relevant government and other authorities, and shall bear and pay all duties, taxes, fines, imposts, expenses or losses (including without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing Freight for any additional Carriage undertaken), incurred or suffered by reason thereof, or by reason of any illegal, incorrect or incomplete declaration, marking, numbering or addressing of the Goods, and shall indemnify the Carrier in respect thereof.

27.6 If Containers supplied by or on behalf of the Carrier are unpacked for any reason, the Merchant or the Carrier is responsible for returning the empty Containers, with interlocks clean, odour free and in the same condition as received, to the point or place designated by the Carrier, within the time prescribed. Should a Container not be returned in the condition required under or within the time prescribed in the Tariff, the Merchant shall be liable for